SCHEDULE-II [Sec Section 19]

Article		Particulars	Proper Fee		
1		2	3		
1.	(i)	Petition in a suit under the Convert's Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866	Ten rupees		
	(ii)	Petition, Plaint or memorandum of Appeal when presented to a Court Under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939	Ten rupees		
	(iii)	Petition under Indian Divorce Act, excluding petitions under Section 44 of that Act and every memorandum of appeal under Section 55 of that Act.	Thirty rupees		
	(iv)	Plaint or memorandum of appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936 or a counter-claim made under Section 37 of that Act.	Thirty rupees		
	(v)	Plaint or memorandum of appeal in A suit under the Indian Colonial Divorce Jurisdiction Act, 1929	Fifty rupees		
	(vi)	Petition or memorandum of appeal Under the Special Marriage Act, 1954	Thirty rupees		
	(vii)	Petition or memorandum of appeal under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955	Ten rupees		
Explanation:- If, in a suit falling under any of these clauses, there is a specific claim or damages, separate fee at the rates specified in Article-1 of Schedule-I shall be charged on the amount of damages claimed.					
2.		ertaking under section 49 of the Indian rce Act, 1869.	One rupee		
3.	Memorandum of appeal from an order inclusive of an order determining any question under section 47 or section 144 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and not otherwise provided for when presented.				
(i)	or to than	y court other than the High Court any Executive Officer other the Board of Revenue of Chief utive Authority.	Three rupees		
(ii)		e Board of Revenue or Chief utive Authority.	Five rupees		
(iii) To the High Court					
(A)	Unde	an order other than an order er the [Andhra Pradesh (Andhra) Agriculturist Relief Act, 1938]			

Where the order was passed by a Subordinate Court or other Authority

(1)

(a) If the order relates to a suit or Ten rupees proceeding, the value of which exceeds one thousand rupees (b) In any other case Five rupees Where the appeal is under clause 15 (2) of the Letters Patent From an order passed in exercise of (a) Ten rupees Appellate jurisdiction. In any other case. One hundred (b) rupees Where the appeal is under Section One hundred (3) 45-B of the Banking Companies rupees Act, 1949. (B) From an order under [the Andhra Two rupees Pradesh (Andhra Area) Agriculturist Relief Act, 1938] (iv) To the Government in pursuance of Five rupees Statutory right to appeal for which no Court-fee is leviable under any Enactment [4. Memorandum of appeal under Arbitration And Conciliation Act, 1996. 1. Appeal against order on application under Two hundred Section 9 and fifty rupees 2. Appeal against order on application under Section 34. Where the value of the subject matter Three hundred (a) does not exceed Rs.1,00,000/rupees Where the value exceeds Rs.1,00,000/-Six hundred rupees (b) but does not exceed Rs.5,00,000/-Where the value exceeds Rs.5,00,000/-One thousand and (c) but does not exceed Rs.1,00,00,000/five hundred rupees (d) Where the value exceeds Rs.1,00,00,000/-Two thousand and five hundred rupees 3. Appeal under Section 50 against the order Five hundred rupees refusing to refer the parties to arbitration under Section 45 or to refuse to enforce a foreign award under Section 48 4. Appeal under Section 59 against the order refusing to refer the parties to arbitration Five hundred rupees under Section 54 or refusing to enforce a foreign award under sub-section (2) of sec.57. 5. Any other appeal under the Arbitration and Two hundred and Conciliation Act, 1996 fifty rupees 5. Copy or translation of a judgment or Order not being a decree or having

the force of a decree

(i) When such judgment or order is passed One rupee by any Civil Court other than the High Court or by the Presiding Officer of any Revenue Court or office or by any other Court or judicial or executive authority (ii) When such judgment or order is passed Two rupees passed by the High Court. 6. Copy or translation of a judgment or One rupee Order of a Criminal Court. 7. Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree When such decree or order is made (i) by the any Court other than the High Court. (a) If the amount or value of the subject One rupee matter of the wherein such decree or order is made is fifty or less than fifty rupees; (b) If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees Two rupees (ii) When such decree or order is made Five rupees by the High Court. 8. Copy of any document liable to stamp duty under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, when substituted by any party to a suit or proceeding in place of the original withdrawn. When the stamp duty chargeable on The amount of the (a) Original does not exceed [fifty naye paise] duty chargeable on the original (b) In any other case. One rupee 9. Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act or copy of any account, statement, report, or the like taken out of any court or One rupee office of any public officer for every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words. 10.(a) Application or petition presented to any officer of land revenue by any person holding temporarily settled land under direct engagement with Government One rupee and when the subject-matter of the application or petition relates exclusively to such engagement. (b) Application or petition presented to any One rupee Officer of land revenue relating to the Grant of land on darkhast. Application to a Collector for lease of (c) One rupee Land for Agriculture or non-agricultural Purposes.

(d)

Application or petition presented to any Executive Officer under any Act for

	the time being in force for the conservancy or improvement of any place if the application or petition relates solely to such conservancy or improvement.	One rupee
(e)	Application or petition presented to any board or Executive Officer for a copy or translation of any order passed by such board or officer or of any other document on record in such office.	One rupee
(f)	Application to a forest officer by a forest contractor for extension of the period of lease.	
(i)	If the value of the subject-matter of the lease is Rs.5,000 or less.	Five rupees
(ii)	If such value exceeds Rs.5,000/- for every Rs.1,000/- or part thereof, in excess of Rs.5,000/	One rupee
(g)	Application for attestation of private documents intended to be used outside India.	One rupee
(h)	Application for lapsed deposit presented after six months, after the date on which the amount lapsed to the Government.	
(i)	When the amount or deposit does not exceed Rs.1,000/-	One rupee
(ii)	When it exceeds Rs.1,000/-	Two rupee
(i)	Application or petition presented to the Government and not otherwise provided for,	
(i)	Which involves the exercise or non exercise of power conferred by law or rule having the force of law;	Two rupees
(ii)	In other cases.	One rupee
(i)	Application or petition presented to the Board of Revenue or Chief Executive Authority and not otherwise provided for:-	
(i)	which involves the exercise or non exercise of power conferred by law or rule having the force of law	Two rupees
(ii)	In other cases.	One rupee
(k)	Application or petition not falling Under clause (i) of (j) and presented to a public officer or in a Public Office and not otherwise provided for.	One rupee
11.(a)	Application or petition presented to Any Court for a copy or translation of any judgment, decree or any proceeding of or order passed by, such court or of any other document	Fifty paise (Act No.25 of 1984)

on record in such Court.

(b) Application or petition presented to any Civil Court other than a Principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under the provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887, or to a Collector or other Officer of Revenue in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than Rs.50/- Twenty five naye paise]

(c) Application to any Court that records may be called from another Court when the Court grants the application and is of opinion that the transmission of such records involves the use of the post. One rupee in addition to the fee liveable on the application.

(d) Application for permission to deposit Revenue or rent either in the office of the Collector or in the Court.

One rupee

(e) Application or petition presented to a Court for determination of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant.

One rupee

(f) A written complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which a Police Officer, may, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, arrest without warrant and presented to any Criminal Court and an oral complaint of any such offence reduced to writing under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

Two rupees

(g) Application or petition presented to any Court, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity and not otherwise provided for in the Act. One rupee

- (h) Application for arrest or attachment before judgment or for temporary injunction.
- (i) when presented to a Civil Court or Revenue Court other than the High Court in relation to any suit or proceeding
- (1) if the value of the subject-matter is Less than Rs.50/-.

One rupee

(2) if the value is Rs.50/ and above.

Two rupees

(ii) when presented to the High Court

Five rupees

(i) Application for petition under Section 47 and order XXI, Rules 58 and 90 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (i) When filed in a Revenue Court or a One rupee District Munsiff's Court; (ii) When filed in a Subordinate Judge's Two rupees Court or a District Court. When filed in the High Court (iii) Five rupees (j) Application or petition under Sections 34, 72, 73 and 74 of the Indian Trust Act, 1882. (k) (i) Application for probate or letters Twenty five rupees of Administration to have effect throughout India (ii) Application for probate or letters of Administration not falling under Clause (i) if the value of the estate does not (1)One rupee exceed Rs.1,000/-; if the value exceeds Rs.1,000/- provided (2) that if a Caveat is entered and the application is registered as a suit one-half Five rupees the scale of fee specified in Article-I of Schedule-I on the market-value of the estate less the fee already paid on the application shall be levied. (1) Original petition not otherwise provided for when file in (i) District Munsiff's Court (1)under the Andhra Pradesh (Andhra One rupee Area) Village Courts Act, 1888; (2) in other cases Three rupees a Subordinate Judge's Court or a (ii) Five rupees District Court; (iii) the High Court Twenty rupees [(m) Application to set-aside an award under Section 34 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 Where the value of the subject matter (a) does not exceed Rs.1,00,000/-Five hundred When the value exceeds Rs.1,00,000/-(b) but does not exceed Rs.5,00,000/rupees (c) Where the value exceeds Rs.5,00,000/-One thousand but does not exceed Rs.1,00,00,000/rupees (d) Where the value exceeds Rs.1,00,00,000/-Two thousand Rupees (n) (a) Application under sub-section (2) of Two hundred Section 14 or Section 27 or rupees Sub-section (2) of Section 39 or Sub-section (3) of section 43 of the Arbitration Act, 1996

(b) Application under Section 9 other than in a pending proceeding under the Arbitration And Conciliation Act, 1996;

Two hundred and fifty rupees.

(c) Any other application;

One hundred Rupees]

Note:-Application for appointment of Arbitrator u/sec.11(6) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. Application falls under residuary provision payment of Rs.2/- would be sufficient, Satyam Constructions Ltd., Vs. Registrar (Judicial), High Court of A.P., 1999(6) ALT 166 = 1996(6) ALD 223 (D.B)

Twenty rupees

(o) Petition to the High Court for the Admission of an advocate, attorney or Vakil.

Fifty rupees

(p) Application presented to the High Court under Section 24 of the Press (Objectionable Matter) Act, 1951.

(q) Revision petition presented to the High Court under Section 115 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or under section 25 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887, or under the provisions of any other Act, arising out of a suit or proceeding.

(i) if the value of the suit or proceeding Five rupees

to which the order sought to be revised relates does not exceed Rs.1,000/-.

if such value exceeds Rs.1,000/-

Ten rupees

(r) Petition under Section 153, 166 and 221 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 in connection with the winding up a company

(iii)

Two hundred rupees

[(s) Petition to the High Court under Article-226 of the Constitution for A writ other than the writ of Habeas Corpus or a petition under Article-227 of the Constitution.

One hundred rupees

(t) Application under Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877.

One hundred rupees

(u) Application or petition presented to the High Court and not otherwise specifically provided for.

Two rupees

(v) Election Petition questioning the Election of a person in respect of

(i) the office of a member of a Twenty five Panchayat rupees

(ii) the office of President of a Panchayat.

Fifty rupees

(iii) the office of member of a municipal Council or a District board;

One hundred rupees

(iv) the office of Chairman of a Two hundred Municipality or President of a District rupees Board. Application under section 145 of the (w) Five rupees [code of Criminal procedure, 1898] 12. Application for leave to sue as a pauper One rupee 13. Application for leave to appeal as pauper: When presented to a District Court or One rupee (i) s subordinate Judge's Court; When presented to the High Court (ii) Two rupees 14. Bail bond or other instruments of (i) One rupee obligation when filed in Village Courts (ii) Bail bond or the instrument of Obligation given in pursuance of an Order made by a Court or Magistrate One rupee under any Section of the code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and not otherwise provided for in this Act. Note:-Where security bond was ordered to be furnished by the Court, provisions of the Court Fees Act would be applicable and not provisions of the Stamp Act. Bandi Dhanalaxmi Vs. Chalamala Satyanarayana AIR 2003 AP 274. 15. Every copy of Power-of-Attorney when One rupee filed in any suit or proceeding. 16. Mukhtarnama Vakalatnama or any paper signed by an Advocate signifying or intimating that he is retained for a party when presented. (i) to any Court other than the High Court Two rupees or to any Collector or Magistrate or other Executive Officer. (ii) to the Board of Revenue or a Chief Three rupees Executive Authority. (iii) to the High Court Five rupees (iv) to the Government. Five rupees 17. Agreement in writing stating a question for the opinion of the Court under the Code of Civil procedure, 1908 (i) when presented to a District Munsiff's Fifteen rupees Court. (ii) in any other case. One hundred rupees Caveat 18. Ten rupees